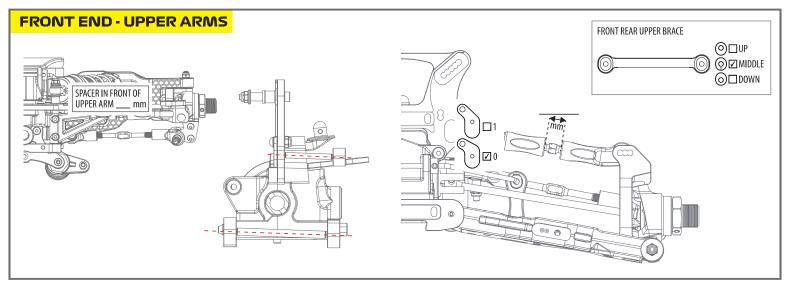


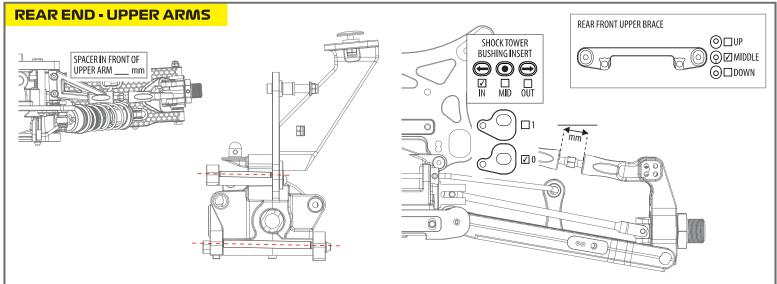
WING FLAPS ☐ BIG ☐ SMALL ☐ BOTH

FLECTRIC FPA



RACK	North West Nitro			•
RACE	BRCA R1	+	DATE	
NOTE				





ADJUSTING UPPER ARMS

The upper arm angle is to be matched to the lower arm angle. There is a compromise for the upper arm, as a .5 change for the upper arm is so small.

The way to understand how to adjust the upper arm is as follows

- 1. When you have the same inserts, in the same direction in the front and rear blocks (A-B, or C-D), you should use the 0 insert for the upper arm. *Example:*
 - When you run 0-0, .5 down .5 down, or 1 up 1 up in the A-B, or C-D blocks, those are all examples of running the same inserts and direction in both blocks. This means you should run the 0 (middle) insert for the upper arm.
- 2. When you have a 1mm difference between the inserts in the front and rear blocks (A-B, or C-D), you need to use the 1 (end) insert for the upper arm, in the same direction as the lower arm is angled, either larger or smaller angle.

 Example:
 - When you run 0-1 down, 1 up 0, or .5 up .5 down, those are all examples of a 1mm difference and a larger angle.
 - You would need to run the 1 insert (end) down for the upper arm, making it a larger angle to match.
 - The opposite is true when you reduce the lower arm angle by a 1mm difference.
- 3. When you have a .5 difference between the inserts in the front and rear blocks (A-B, or C-D), you can chose to run either the 0 insert, or the 1 insert for the upper arm, matching the direction of the angle change of the lower arm.

 Example:
 - When you run 0 .5 up, .5 down 0 or 1 down .5 down, those are all examples of a .5mm difference and a smaller angle.
 - You would need to run the 0 insert, or 1 insert up for the upper arm. The opposite is true when you increase the lower arm angle by a .5mm difference.

The way to understand how to adjust the upper arm related to TOE IN is as follows

- 1.5° toe in: arrow inwards
- 3.0° toe in: arrow outwards